



# GM at Exascale Leveraging National Lab Engagement

**Dr. Paul E. Krajewski**  
Director Vehicle Systems Research  
GM R&D Center

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# Outline

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Why National Labs?

How Do We Collaborate?

What Have We Done?

USCAR

Future



# Benefits of National Lab Collaboration

- Excellent Researchers / Expertise
- Unique Equipment and Exascale Capability
- Combined Access to Data
- Leverage

*The ability to combine data, experimental techniques with advanced computational capability is key to these collaborations*

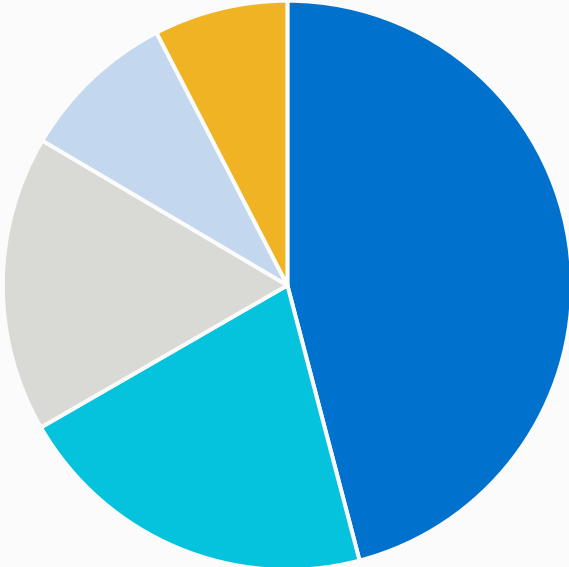
# Collaboration Models

- **“Direct Projects” (GM stand-alone projects) with the National Labs**
  - Cooperative Research & Development Agreements (CRADAs)
  - Strategic Project Partnership (SPP) Agreements
  - Contracts – GM subcontractor to National Lab
- **National Labs as “project partners” on GM’s DOE Projects**
  - Subaward – GM sets up a subaward agreement (CRADA or SPP) but funds come from DOE either directly by DOE or indirectly through GM’s DOE Funds
  - National Lab Consortium Agreements (i.e. Fuel Cell Performance and Durability “FCPAD” National Lab Consortium) which are usually mandated by DOE in specific DOE funding opportunities.

# Collaboration Models Cont.

- **General Facilities Usage at the National Labs**
  - Allows access to National Lab facilities (i.e. beam time, high performance computers, etc)
- **General Discussions**
  - Non-disclosure Agreements (NDAs) for confidential discussions outside any other agreement – rare
  - General (non-proprietary) discussions


# Direct Funding by Technology Area



■ Battery  
■ Engine

■ Fuel Cell  
■ Adv Mfg

■ Autonomous




zero crashes

general motors



zero emissions



zero congestion



# Electrification

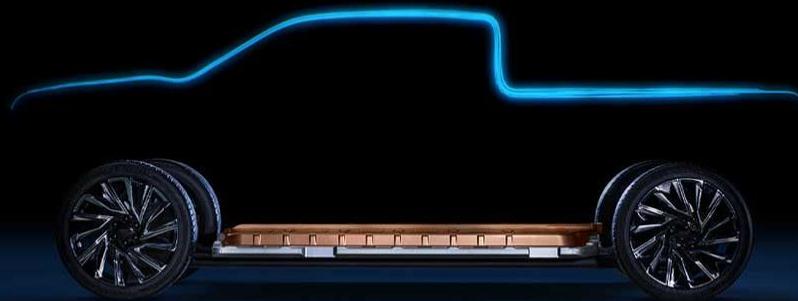
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Creating platforms  
that move the world.



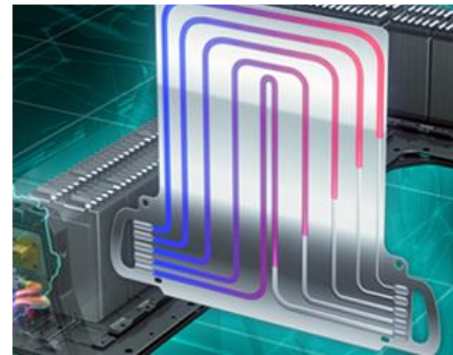
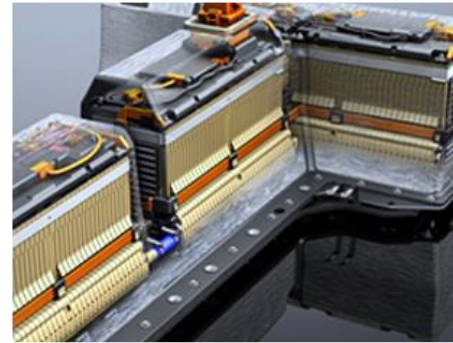
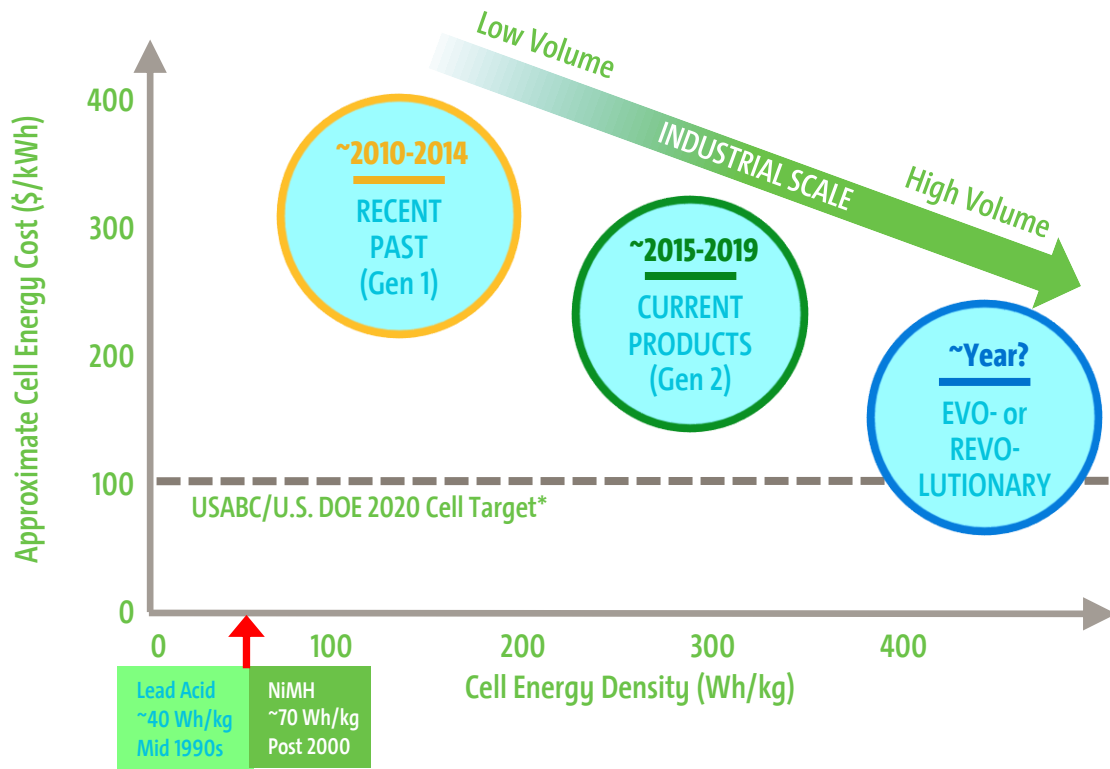
everybody in.



Simulated battery and vehicle shown



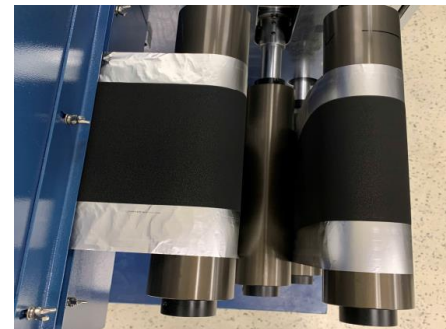
# Enabling High-volume EVs



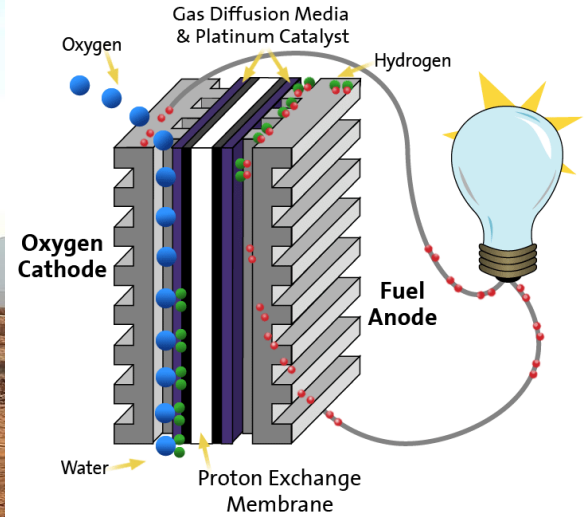


# Battery 500

- Goal – Accelerate the development of high-energy, rechargeable Li metal batteries for future vehicle electrification.
- Participants – 4 National labs led by PNNL
- Multiple Universities – Binghamton, Penn State, Stanford, Texas A&M, UCSD, Maryland, Pitt, Texas, Washington
- Key Results
  - Developed proof-of-concept of new dual-phase electrolyte and validate electrochemical performance of polymer anolyte in symmetrical cell format
  - Developed oxide/C coated separator with enhanced sulfur utilization while mitigating polysulfide shuttle. The coating process can be easily scaled-up for pouch cell fabrication.
  - Scaled up coating of S electrode and distributed to other teams for baseline verification
  - Coordinated Li-S team meetings and aligned testing protocols



# Fuel Cell Electric Vehicle (FCEV)





## NREL + GENERAL MOTORS

NREL and General Motors Corporation (GM) are collaborating on multiple projects to improve the cost, performance, and durability of polymer electrolyte membrane (PEM) fuel cells, which convert hydrogen and oxygen into electricity to power vehicles without emitting pollutants.

Hydrogen and oxygen gases are fed into PEM fuel cells via separate gas-diffusion layers and react on platinum-based catalysts, embedded in electrodes, to produce hydrogen



PARTNERSHIP

# H2Fills: Hydrogen Filling Simulation

The Hydrogen Filling Simulation (H2Fills) software is a thermodynamic model designed to track and report on the transient change in hydrogen temperature, pressure, and mass flow when filling a fuel cell electric vehicle (FCEV).

H2Fills simulates gas flow from the hydrogen station to the FCEV storage system. Using empirical fueling data sets, the model has been validated over a range of fueling conditions to match common light-duty FCEV fill profiles. Overall, it provides significant benefits to the light-duty fueling market and fill knowledge gaps of the interaction between a hydrogen station and an FCEV.

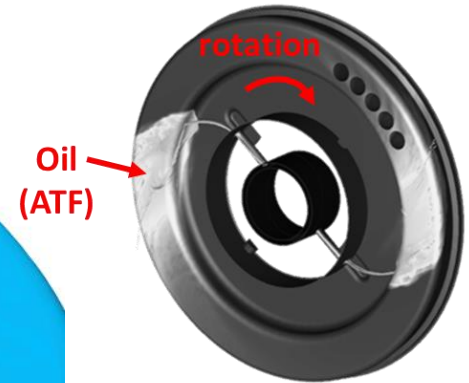
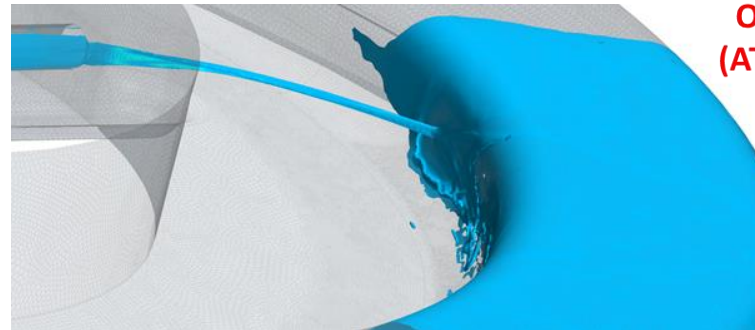


[Text version](#)

# Electric Motor Thermal Management Analysis



- Goal – Leverage computational capability at ANL to understand proper thermal management of an electric motor for vehicle applications.
- Drive improved efficiency for extended operating range
- National Laboratory Discretionary Allocation of 5 million core-hours on Theta at Argonne National Laboratory



# Autonomy

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# ORNL licenses revolutionary AI system to General Motors for automotive use



MENNDL (Multi-node Evolutionary Neural Networks for Deep Learning) is an AI software optimization tool for convolutional neural networks (CNN), a branch of algorithms used by computers to recognize patterns in datasets of images, text, sounds etc. MENNDL was licensed to GM R&D and used for automatically tuning CNN hyper-parameters to expedite the training process and selecting the best performing CNN architectures / models used in the autonomous driving research in GM.



# Joint Publications

## Real-World Driving Features for Identifying Intelligent Driver Model Parameters

### Preprint

Bharatkumar Hegde,<sup>1</sup> Michael O'Keefe,<sup>2</sup> Steven Muldoon,<sup>1</sup> Jeffery Gonder,<sup>2</sup> and Chen-Fang Chang<sup>1</sup>

*1 General Motors LLC*

*2 National Renewable Energy Laboratory*

*Presented at the SAE WCX World Congress Experience Digital Summit  
April 13-15, 2021*

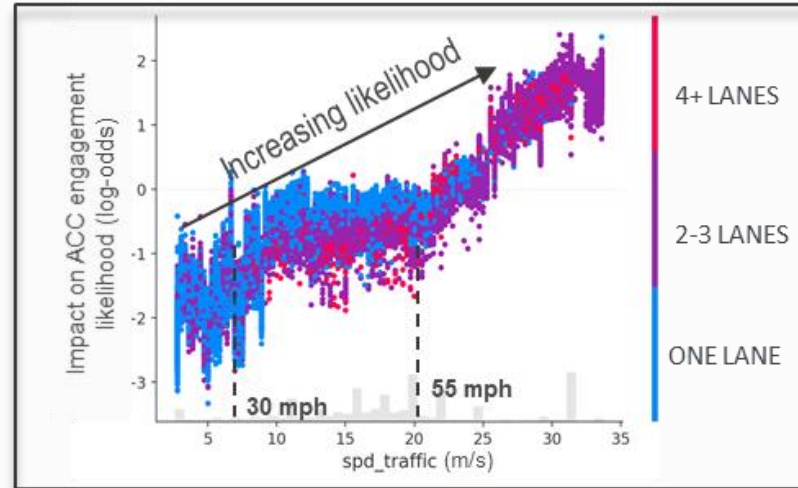
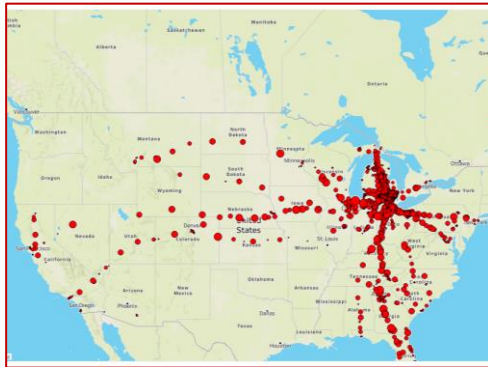
This paper explores identification of the parameters for the PDM to best represent human drivers using naturalistic driving data from the TSDC. Short driving features, categorized by driving maneuvers, are used in this study to facilitate exploration of driver model parameter dependence on maneuvers and external road conditions.

# Connected Vehicle



# Adaptive Cruise Control (ACC)

- **Real-world Driving Data from Vehicles w/ Automation Provided Weekly by GM**
- **Automated Big Data Pipeline**
  - Understand usage of ACC
  - Impact on Energy Usage



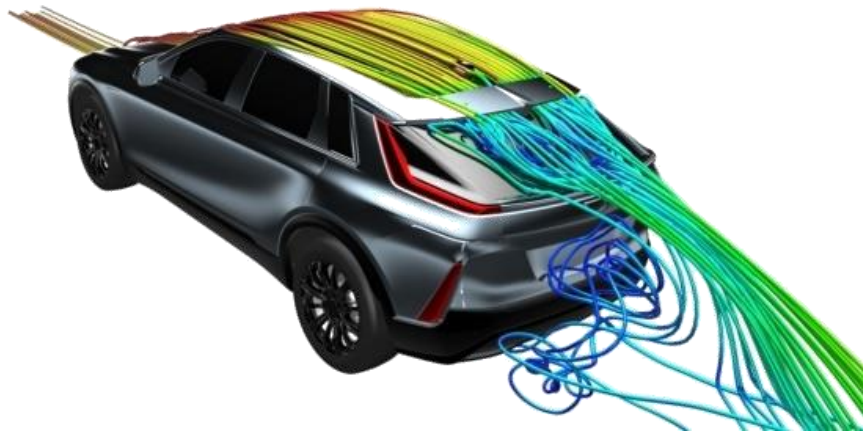
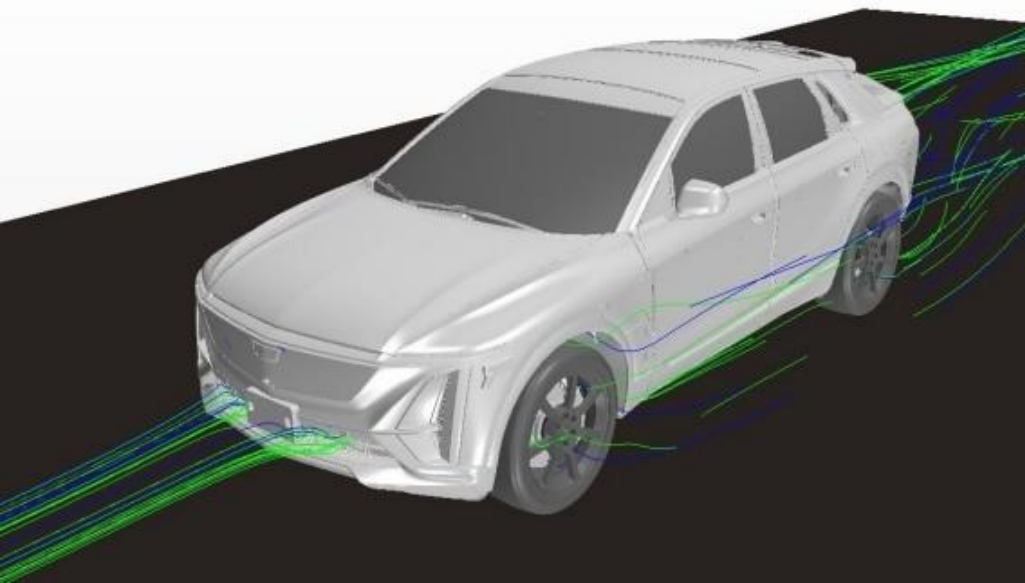
Idaho National Laboratory  
Renewable Energy Laboratory  
Argonne National Laboratory  
Oak Ridge National Laboratory  
Lawrence Berkeley National Laboratory  
University of Illinois at Chicago

Used large quantities of data to predict with high accuracy (84%) when drivers would engage cruise control, based on solely environmental factors (e.g. location and road type).



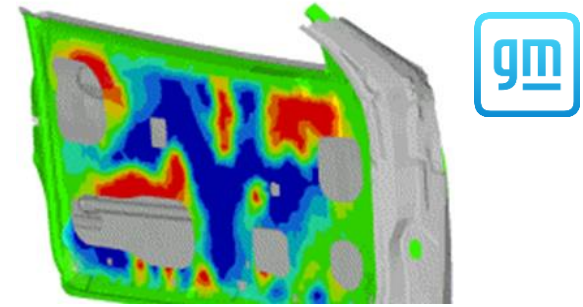
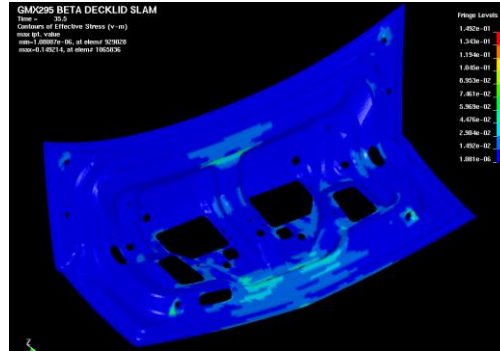
# Virtualization

We are targeting 100% virtual validation by 2025.

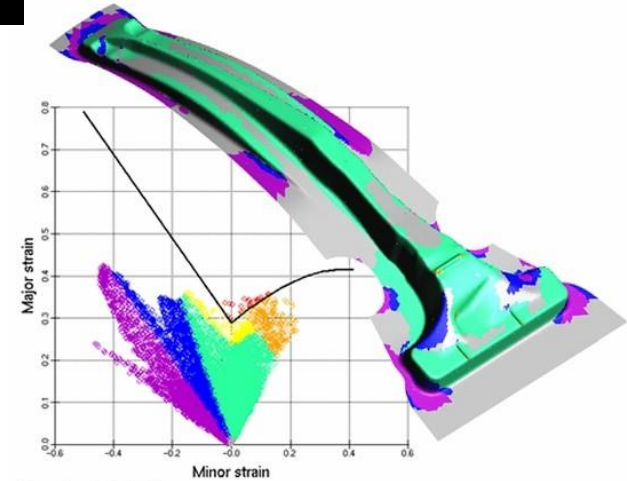
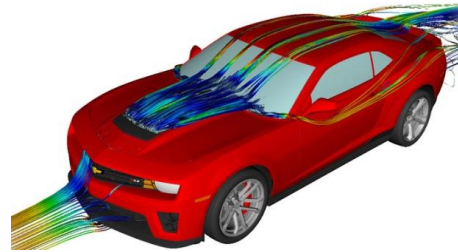


# Material Models

- Morphing / Shape Optimization
- Formability
- Static Performance
- Dynamic Performance
- Crash
- ICME



<http://insider.altairhyperworks.com/articles/closure-simulation>

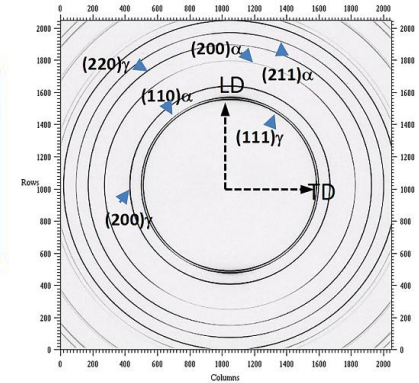
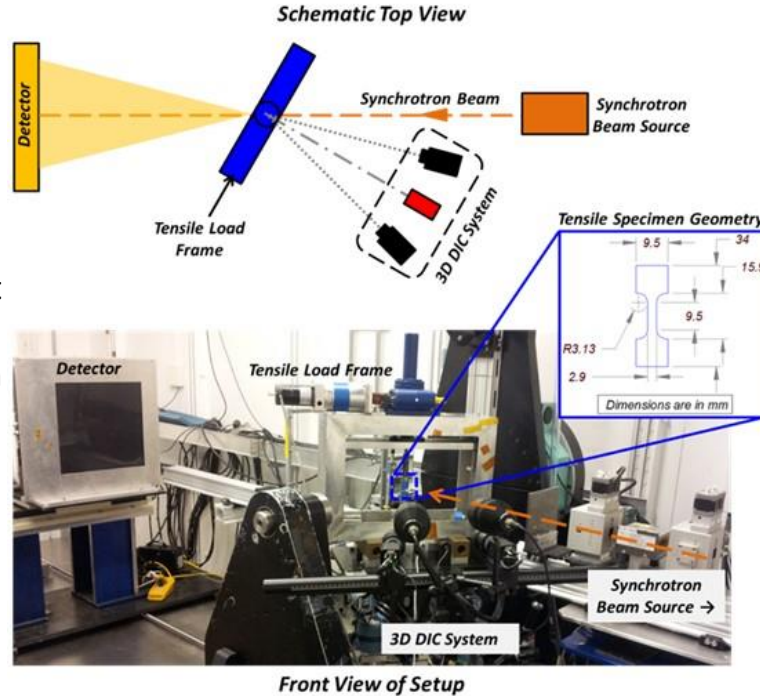


Forming Limit Diagram



# Gen 3 Steel Characterization

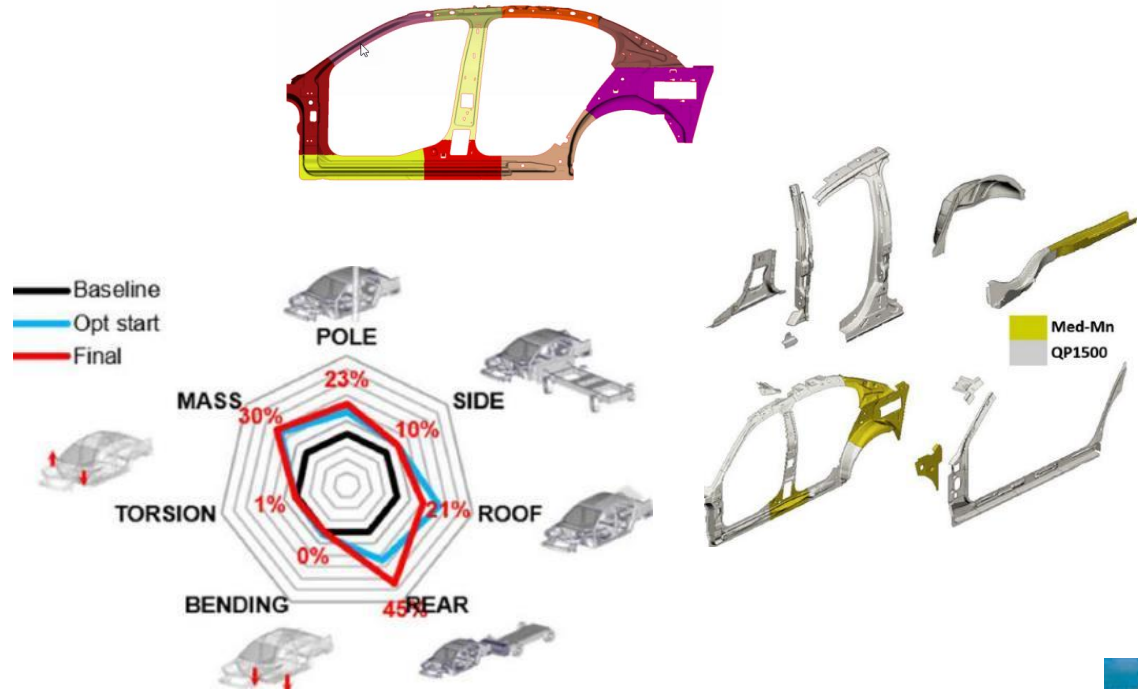
- Developed New Test at Advanced Photon Source, Argonne National Lab.
- Couples Strain Measurement from Digital Image Correlation with Synchrotron X-ray Diffraction
- Measurement of Martensitic Transformation during a Quasi-static tension test of Gen 3 steels.



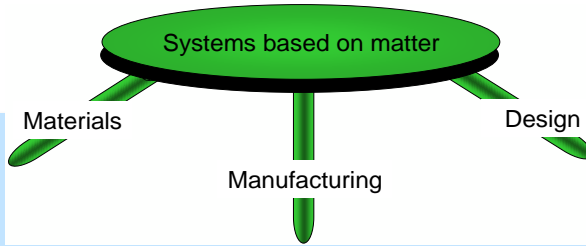


# Gen 3 Steel Application

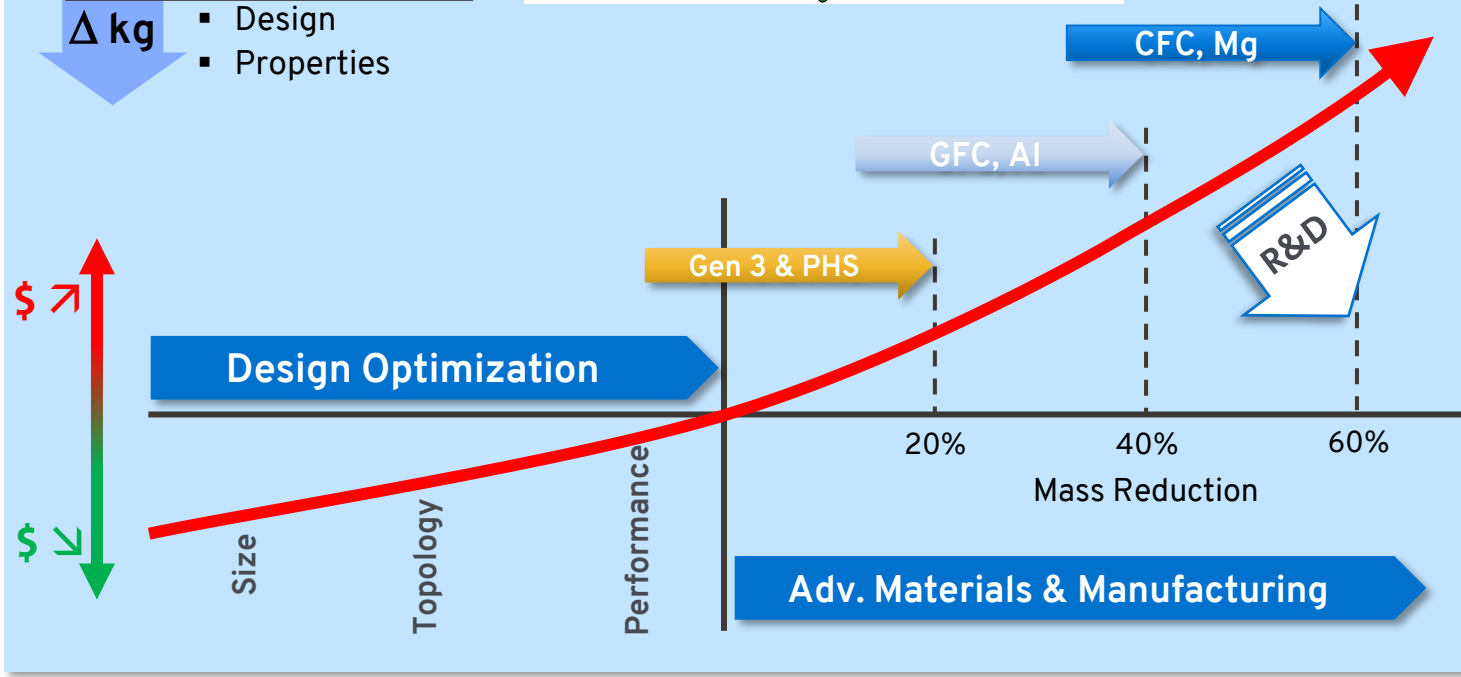
- Goal: Reduce mass by ~30% relative to the baseline sedan by optimizing gauge, geometry, and grade.
- Finite Element Optimization on Massively Parallel NREL Peregrine Cluster



# Lightweighting



- $\frac{\$}{\Delta \text{kg}}$ 
  - Material Cost
  - Processing Cost
- $\Delta \text{kg}$ 
  - Design
  - Properties

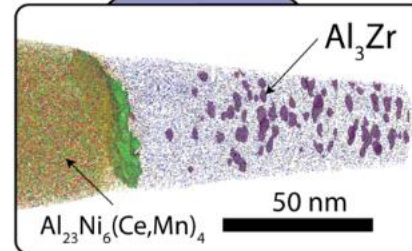
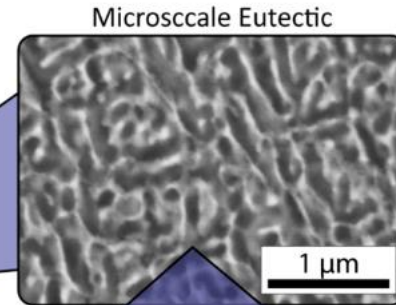
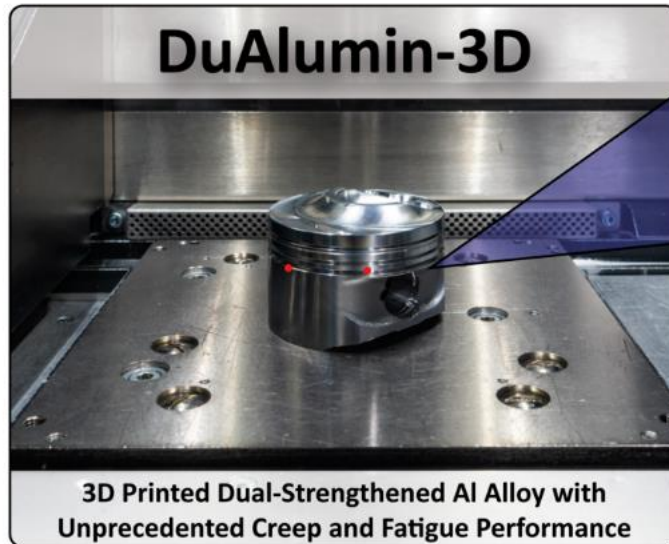




# DuAlumin 3D



A new aluminum alloy designed to take advantage of the rapid solidification characteristics of additive manufacturing to produce a dual-strengthened microstructure, resulting in a superior combination of tensile, creep, fatigue, and corrosion properties, particularly at extreme temperatures (300°C-400°C)



Nanoprecipitates



# LightMAT

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The Lightweight Materials Consortium, or LightMAT, is part of the Energy Materials Network (EMN), a network of 11 national laboratories with technical capabilities highly relevant to the development and commercial use of lightweight materials and manufacturing processes.

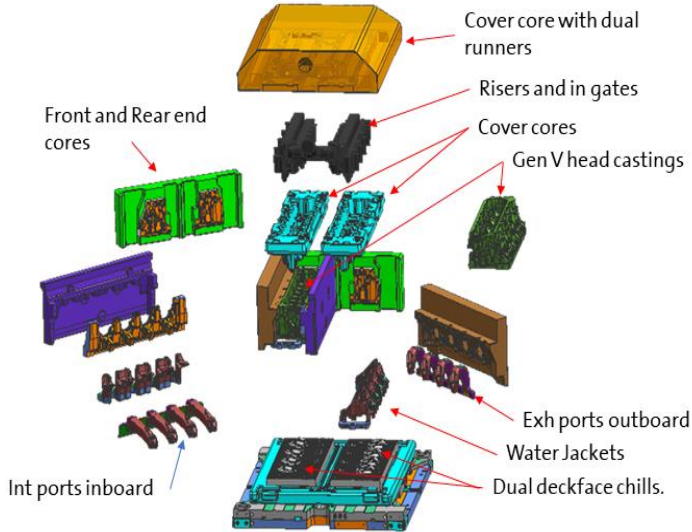
LightMAT leadership provides straightforward access to laboratory resources and expertise via a single point of contact, matching industry research teams with expertise and equipment found only at national laboratories.





# Lightmat – High Precision Aluminum Castings

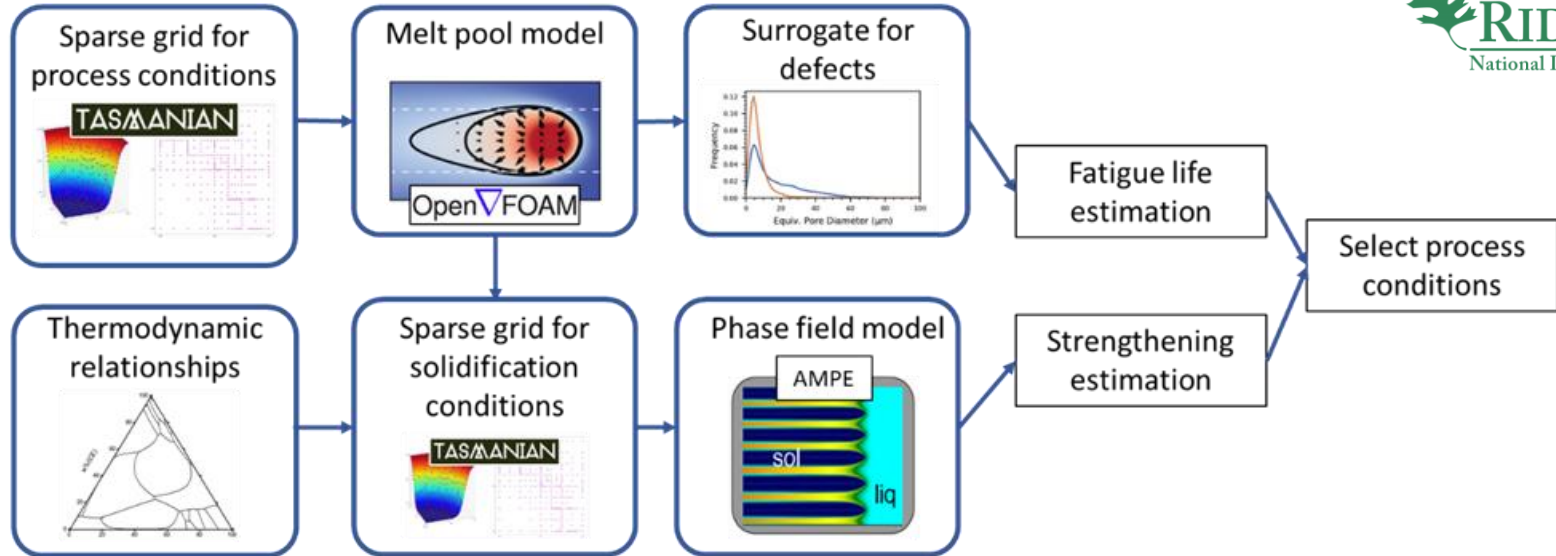
Goal: To develop a novel casting process – Pressure-Assistant Precision Sand Casting (PAPSC) for producing high quality cast aluminum components with minimum manufacturing and energy cost.



# ICME – Integrated Computational Materials Engineering



Goal: To utilize state-of-the-art ICME (Integrated Computational Materials Engineering) tools (e.g. ECP ExaAM) to develop a high-performance component through material design, microstructure control, and process optimization.



# USCAR



- **USCAR (United States Council for Automotive Research LLC) is a collaborative automotive technology company located in Southfield, Michigan, USA. Its Member companies are Ford Motor Company, General Motors and FCA(LLC US)Stellantis.**
- **Founded in 1992, USCAR facilitates the legal collaboration of its Members to create teams and conduct projects that address pre-competitive challenges and opportunities in major automotive technology areas.**
- **These areas are advanced propulsion, electrical & electronics, energy storage, hydrogen fuel cells, manufacturing, materials and safety.**

# USCAR Areas of Interest



Batteries  
Adv. compute  
ICE  
modeling



Additive  
Manuf.  
Materials  
Charact.  
Infra-  
structure  
Vehicles  
Highway



EERE lab  
Charging  
Cyber.  
Fuels



Charging  
Materials  
Hydrogen  
safety  
Codes and  
standards  
Adv. compute  
Bio-mass



Modeling  
Battery  
abuse  
Nano-  
materials  
ICE  
Bio-fuels



Fuel cells  
Hydrogen  
storage  
Emission  
sensors  
(ICE)



Hydrogen  
storage  
Adv. compute  
Heavy  
vehicle  
efficiency



Hydrogen  
storage  
Batteries  
Fuel cells



Emission  
reduction

# USCAR Example Projects



DC meter  
bench-  
marking  
USABC  
Inductive  
coupled  
plasma



Light-  
weight  
metal  
stamping  
(CRADA)



Multi-  
physics  
modeling  
of Li-ion  
batteries



Cyber  
impact on  
high power  
charging



Drop tower  
testing of  
batteries/  
components



Gas  
diffusion  
layer for  
materials  
and  
treatments



Additive  
Manuf.  
Comp.  
Modeling  
Battery



High  
energy  
cathodes  
Emerging  
cathode  
materials  
and metal  
oxides



AIGER  
(CRADA)









LOCKHEED MARTIN





# Summary

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- National Lab collaboration is essential to drive technology development for future transportation.
- Numerous models exist to facilitate that collaboration.
- The combination of critical data/experiments with computational capability is key to these collaborations.





# Acknowledgements

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- Ed Gundlach
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