



# *Energy, climate, and the role of fusion as a transformational science*

*Presented by:*

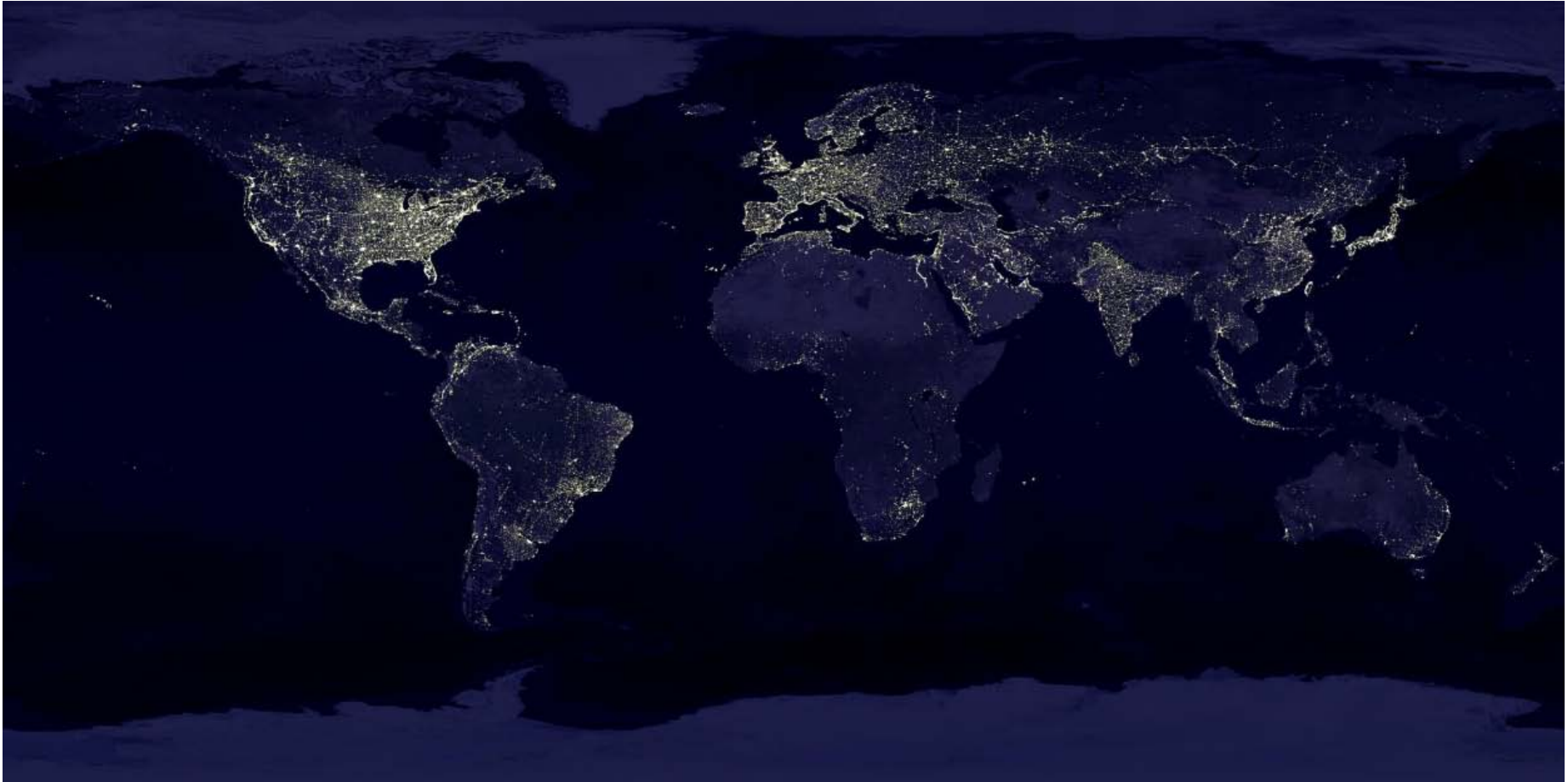
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U.S. Department of Energy*

For the 1<sup>st</sup> Monaco-ITER International Fusion Energy Days  
Principality of Monaco  
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# Our ambition has to be commensurate with the challenges of the times

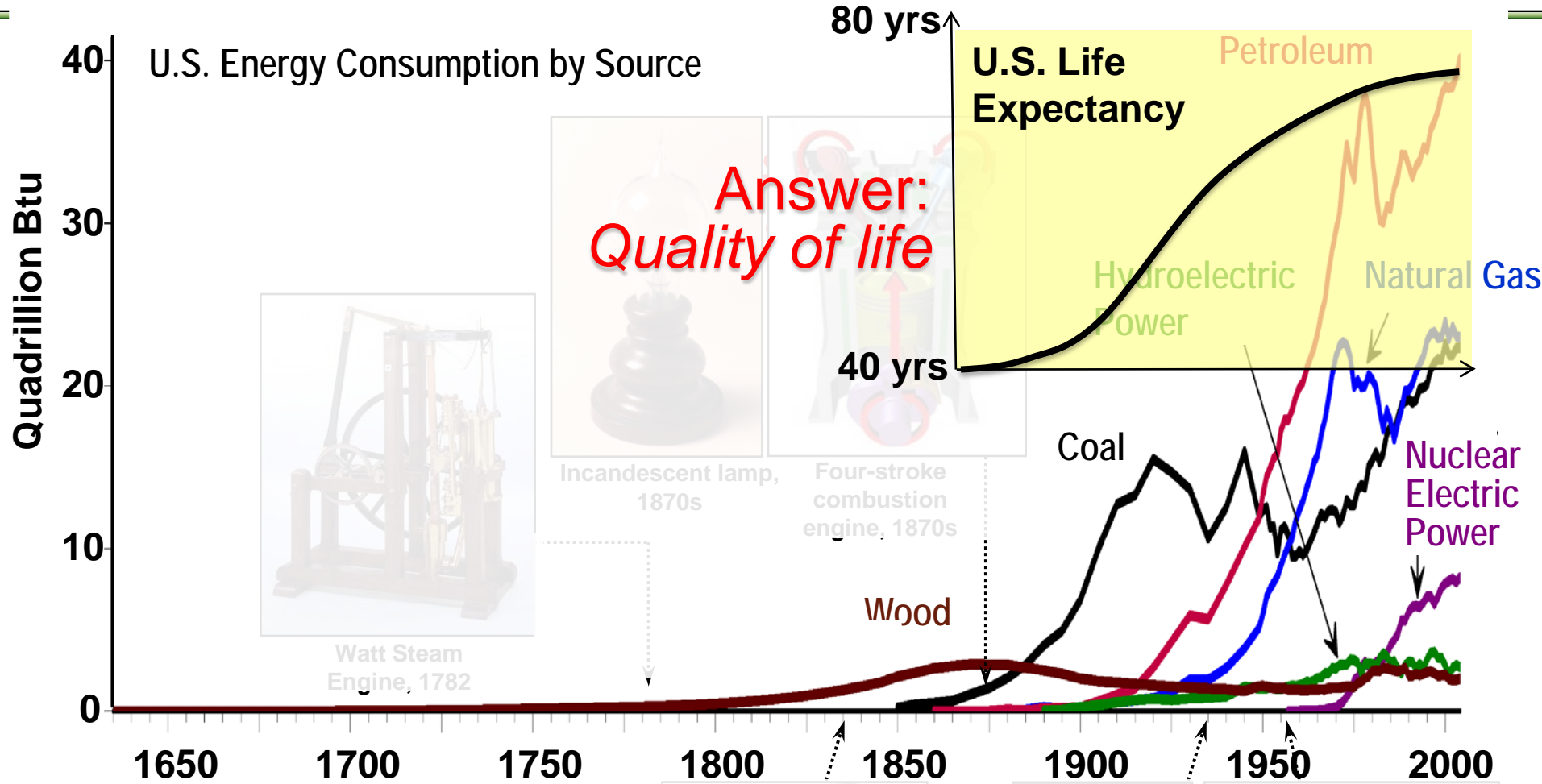


- *For fusion, the ambition is to power the planet* with a carbon-free energy source



# Question: Why energy?

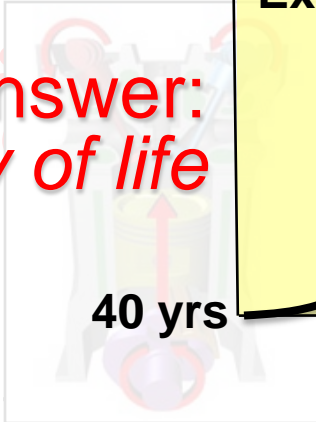
Answer: Quality of life



Watt Steam Engine, 1782



Incandescent lamp, 1870s

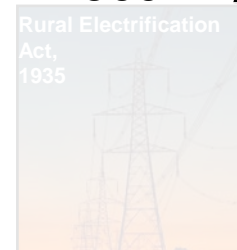


Four-stroke combustion engine, 1870s

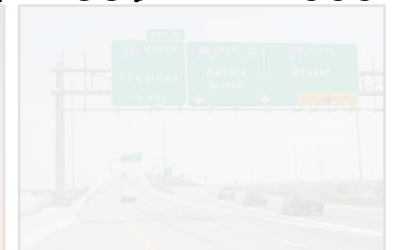


Energy Facts 2010

Intercontinental Rail System, mid 1800s



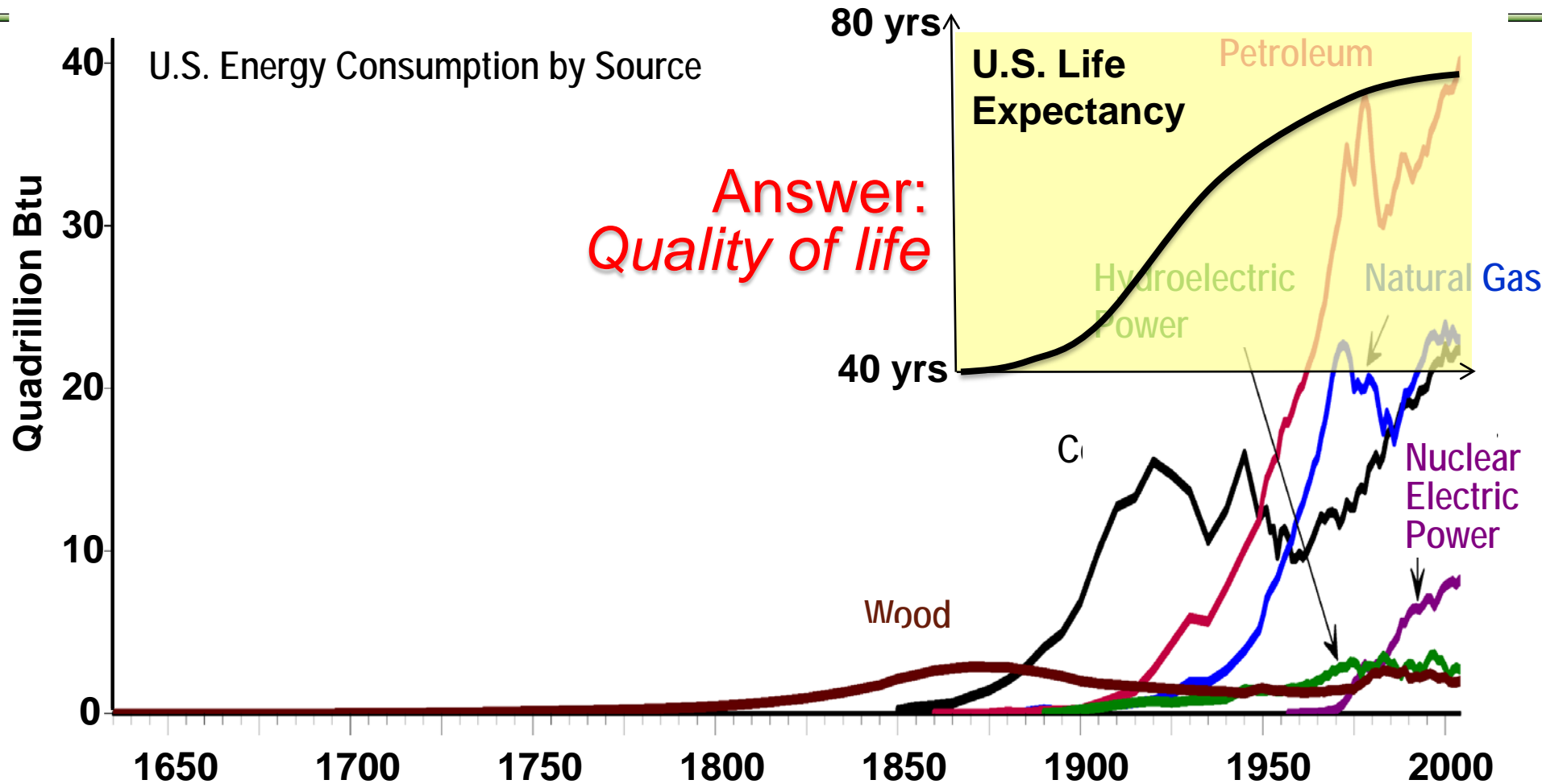
Rural Electrification Act, 1935



Eisenhower Highway System

# Question: Why energy?

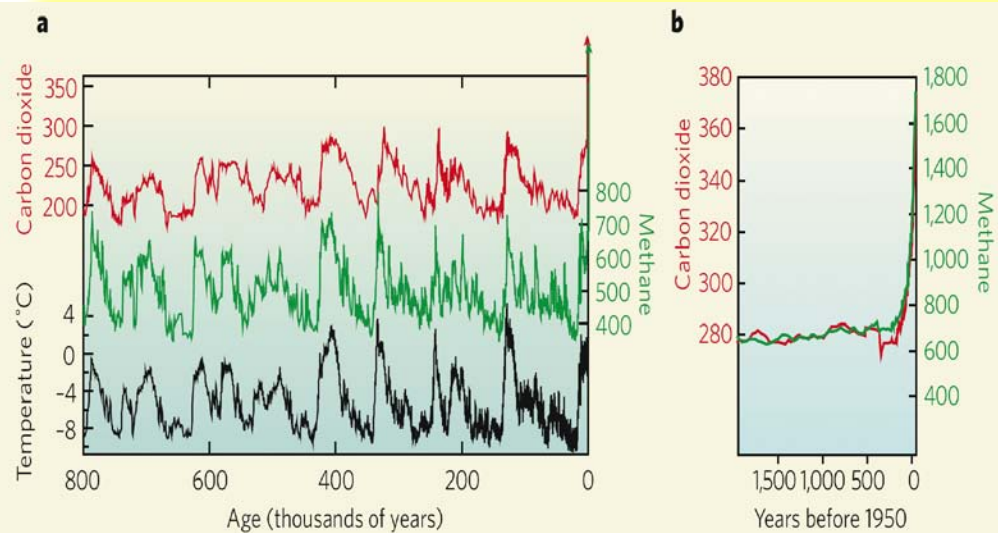
**Answer:  
Quality of life**



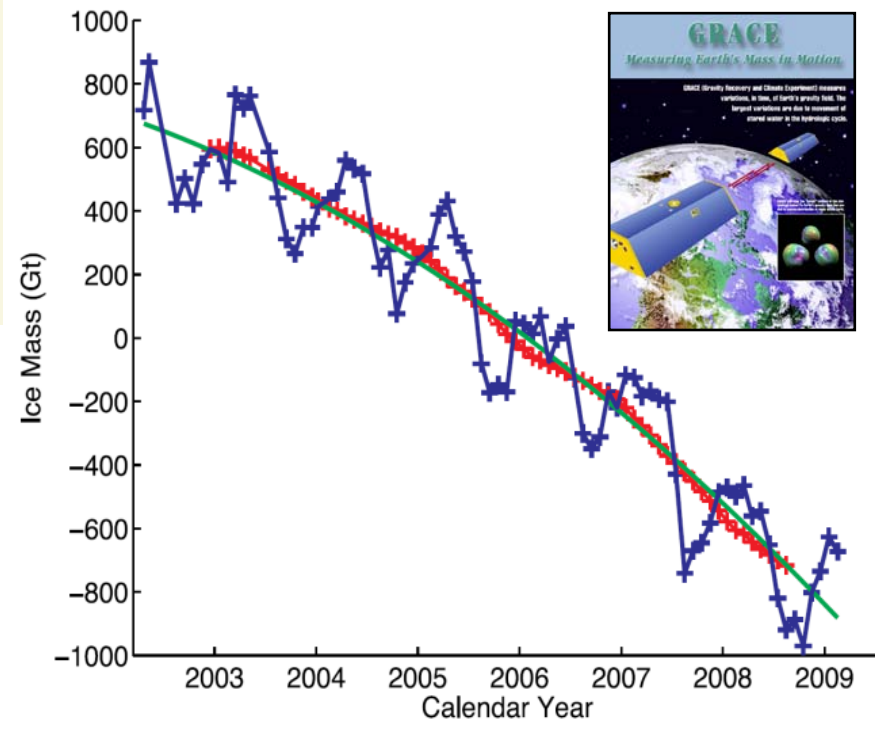
- Innovation and economic growth following the industrial revolution fueled dramatic increases in the quality of life in the U.S..
- Fusion, as one element of transformational science, can provide a path to a sustainable future

# Science helps us understand the past and the present

## Past



## Present

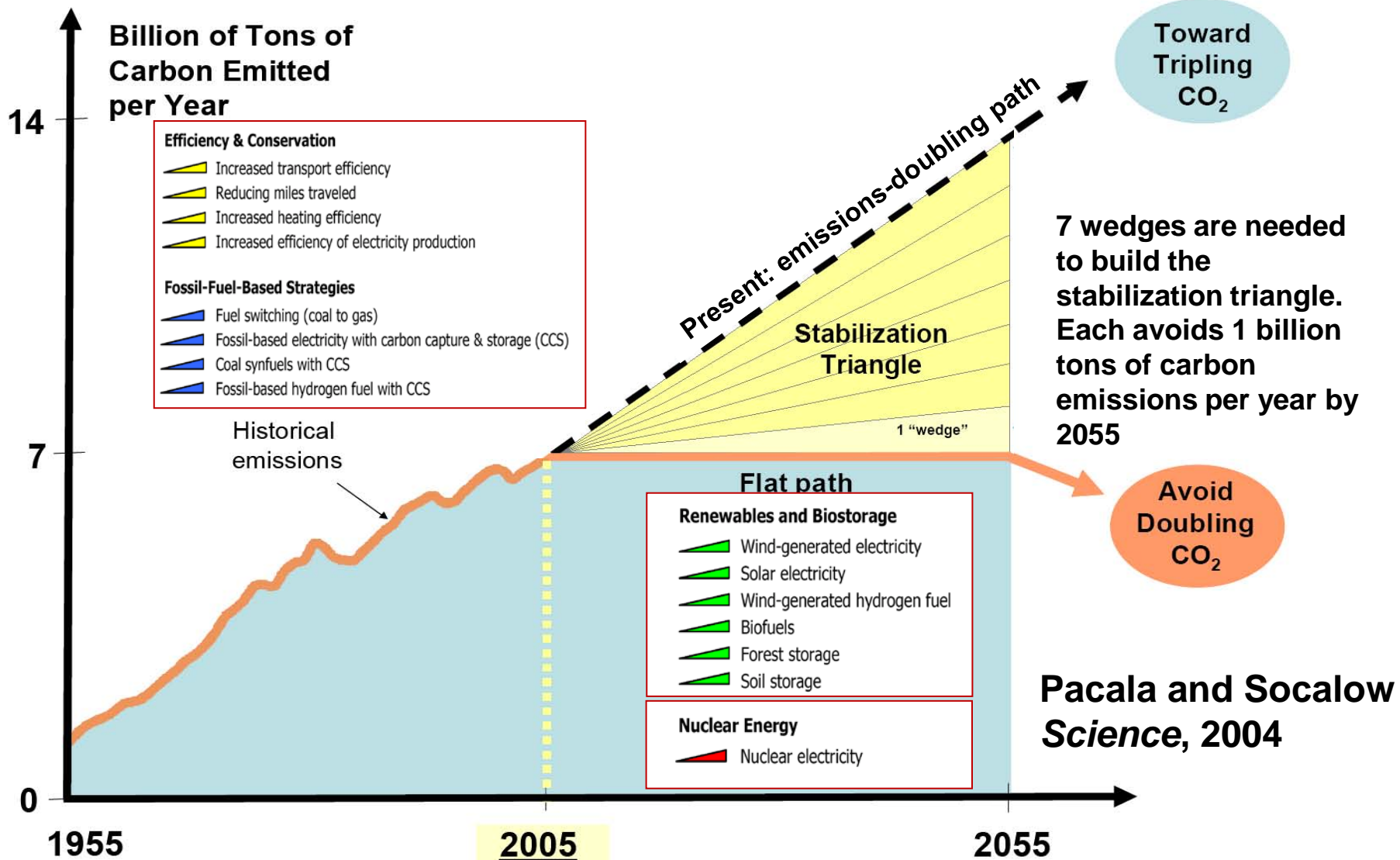


**Correlation of carbon dioxide, methane, and temperature over 800,000 years (from trapped air bubbles in Vostok ice core)**

**Changes in Mass of Greenland Ice Sheet (GRACE satellite measurements)**



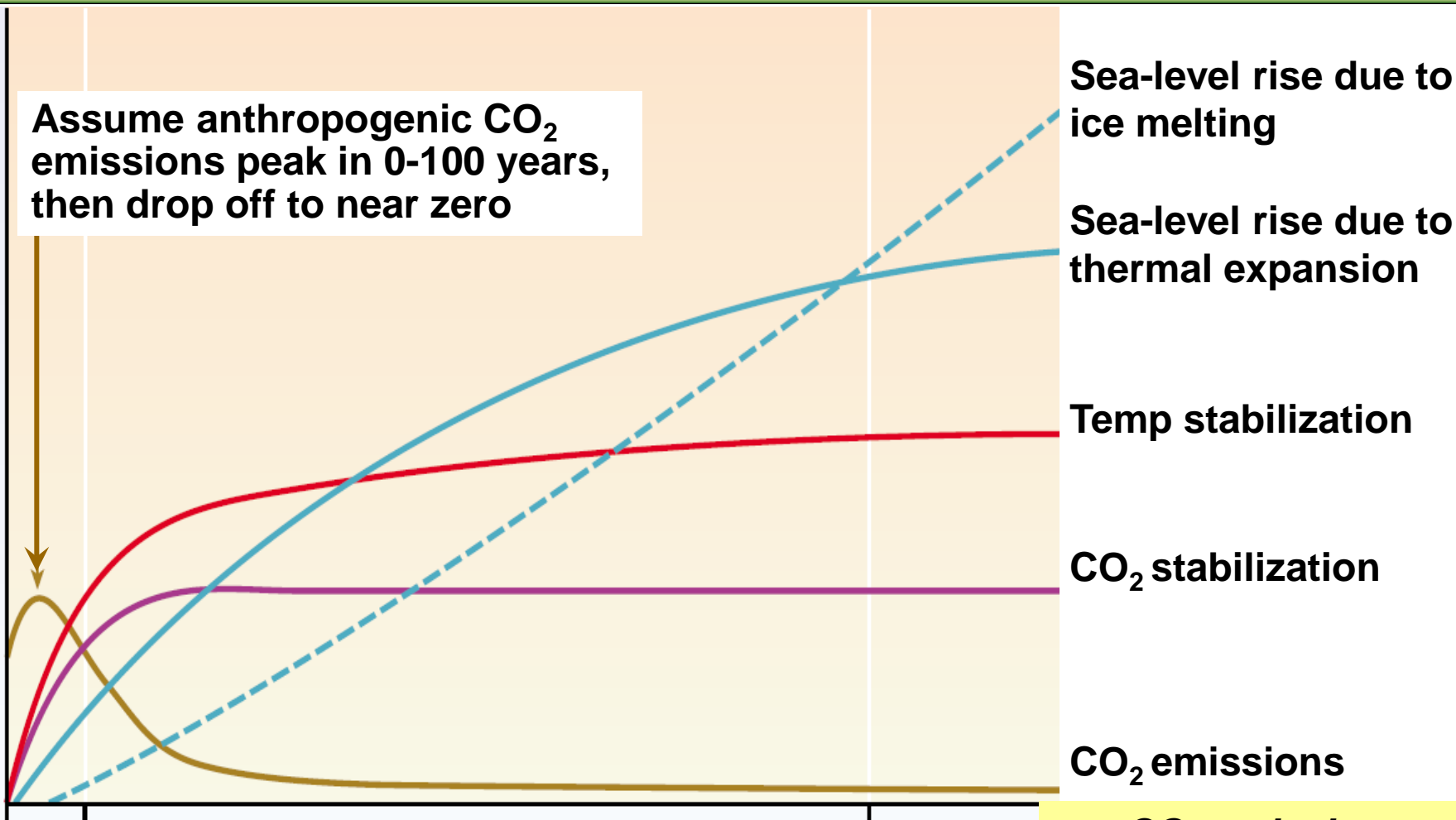
# Starting point: with existing technologies, carbon emissions can be stabilized...





# ...but scientific *transformation* is needed for a long term solution

Assume anthropogenic CO<sub>2</sub> emissions peak in 0-100 years, then drop off to near zero



Sea-level rise due to ice melting

Sea-level rise due to thermal expansion

Temp stabilization

CO<sub>2</sub> stabilization

CO<sub>2</sub> emissions

*CO<sub>2</sub> emission rates must fall to keep CO<sub>2</sub> levels and temperatures stable*



**Long term: if fusion is available by the second half of this century, it can be a significant player in the energy economy by 2100**

- Assume ITER, DEMO, and supporting research establish the basis for fusion energy by 2050. Then
  - Conservative assumption: Note that fission grew from 1975 through 1990 at 1.2%/year of the world electric market. Then if fusion grows at  $< 0.9\%$ /year of after 2050,
    - *fusion can deliver at least 30% of the world's energy production by 2100\**
- fusion can also contribute to fuel-switching strategies (e.g, off-peak hydrogen production)

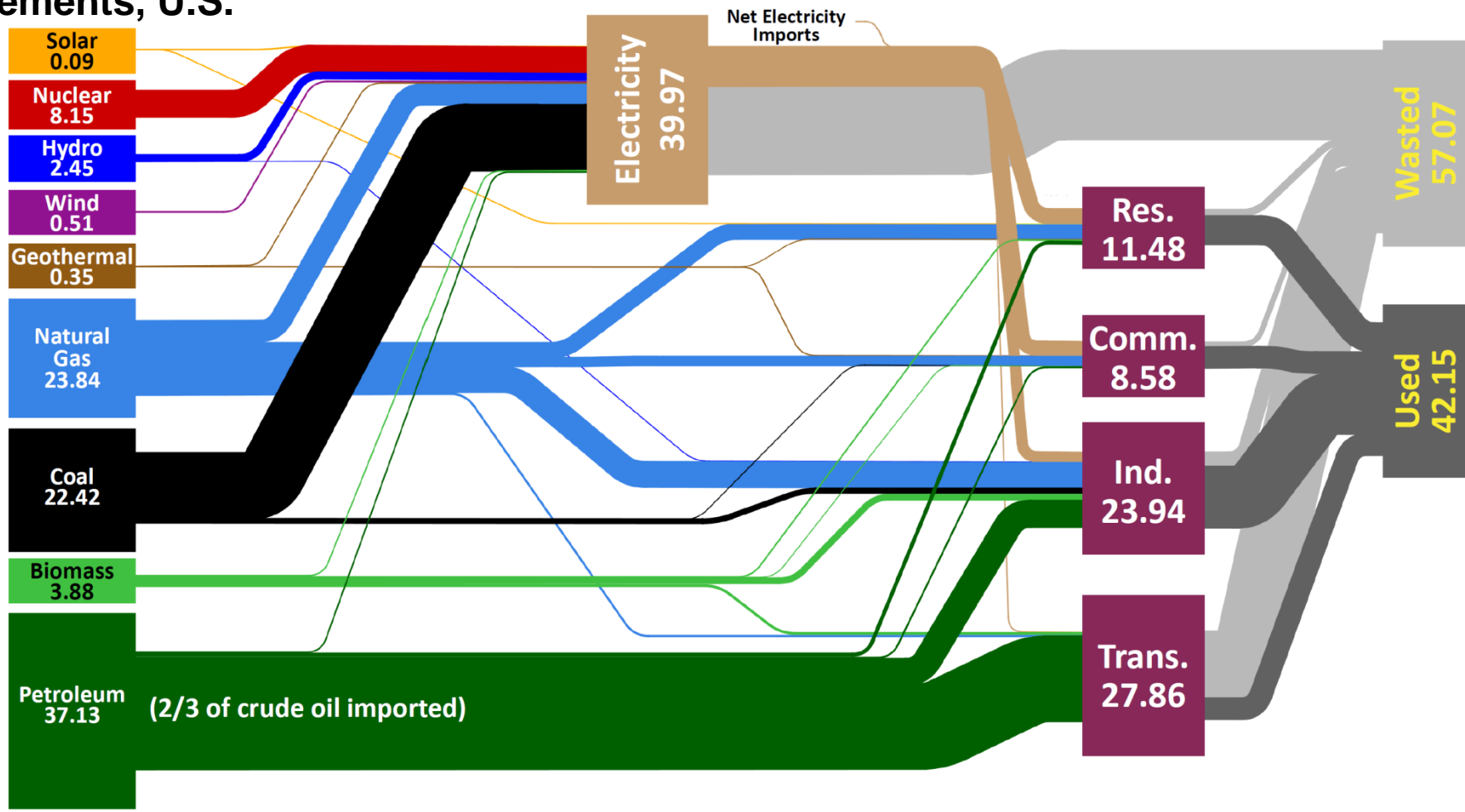
\* Goldston, Grisham, Hammett, IAEA 2010, "Climate Change, Nuclear Proliferation, and Fusion Energy"





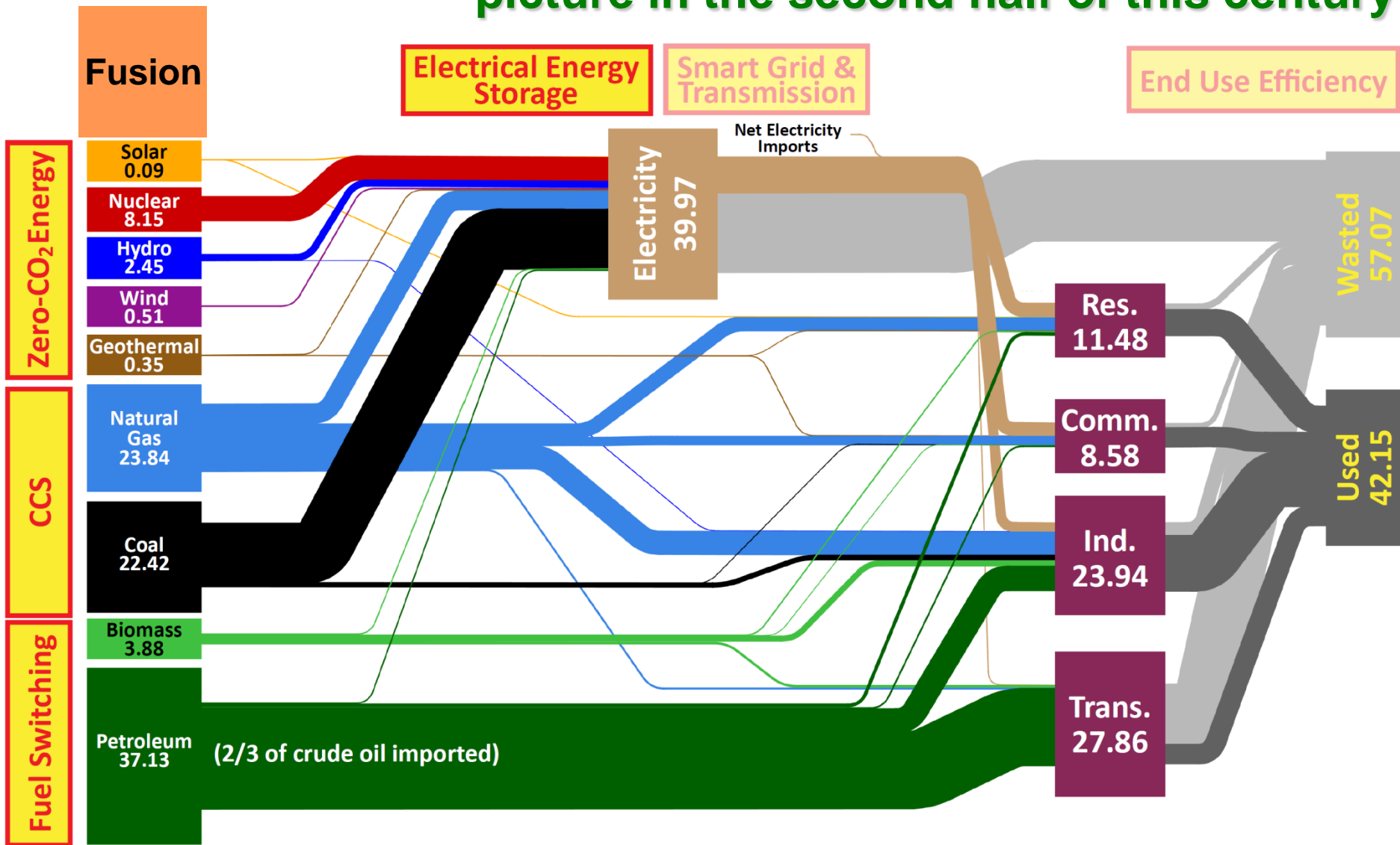
In the near term, the *scientific transformations must take place on a broad front*

### Present energy usage and strategic elements, U.S.





# Fusion can fundamentally alter this picture in the second half of this century

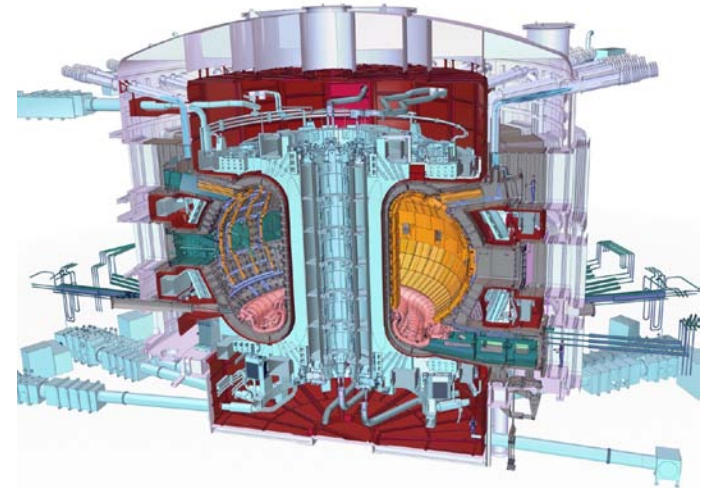


→ Every path is potentially redrawn with fusion, and its presence will impact the urgency of or redirect nearly every area of front-line research

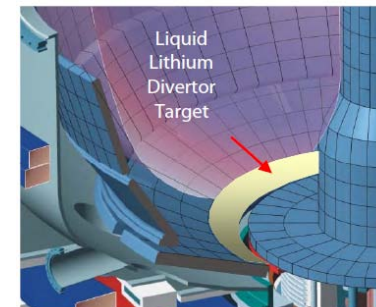
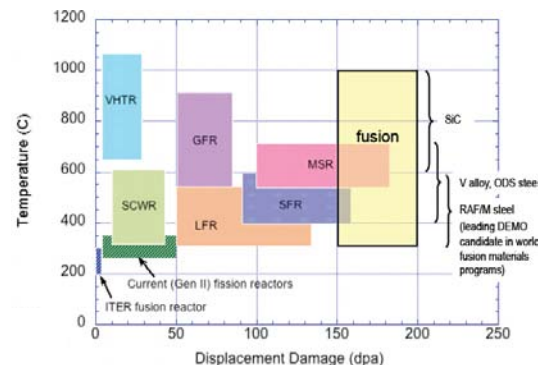
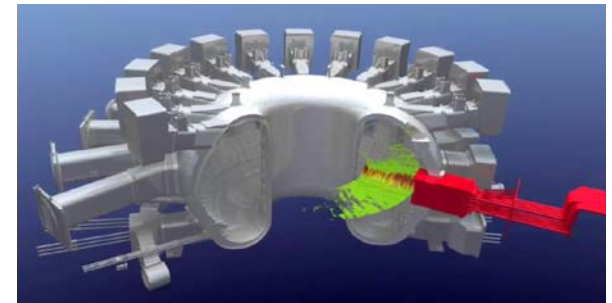
# Fusion can deliver in time to have a major impact this century

## Three ingredients:

- **ITER**: the fundamental science of a burning plasma. ITER will establish the science of robustly and attractively controlling fusion plasmas that heat themselves
- **Validated predictive capability**: a supporting world program in experimentation and theory/simulation to
  - complement ITER and develop its operating scenarios
  - Develop the predictive science required for optimizing beyond ITER
- An aggressive program in **fusion materials and the technology** to harness the fusion power from a burning plasma



Simulation of lower hybrid wave heating on ITER





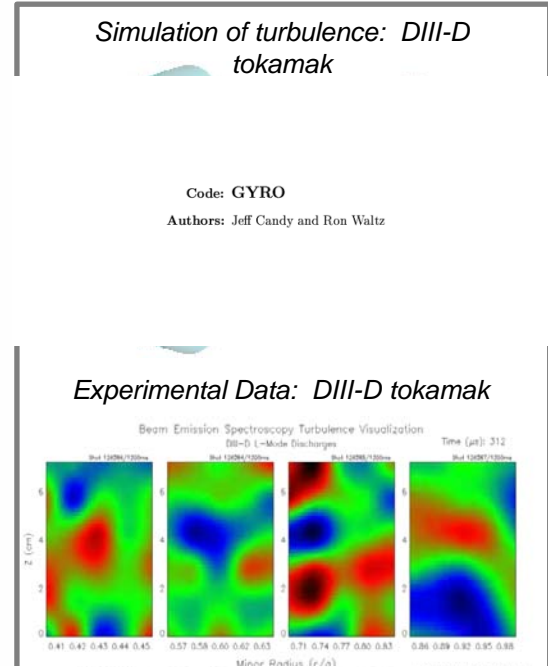
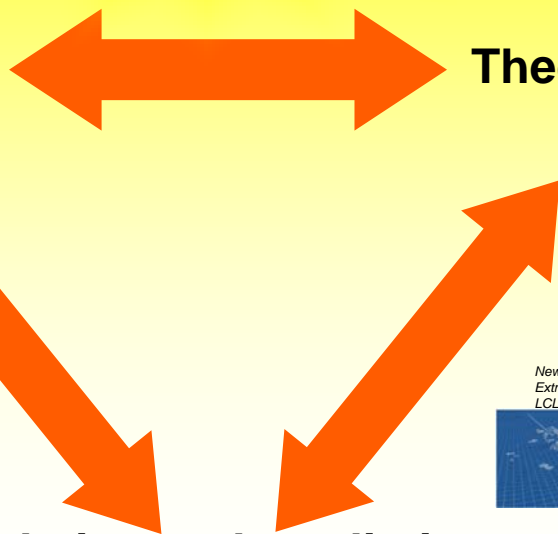
# In the U.S., fusion joins the ranks of other sciences that will be called upon to solve the energy and climate challenges

## Burning plasma science

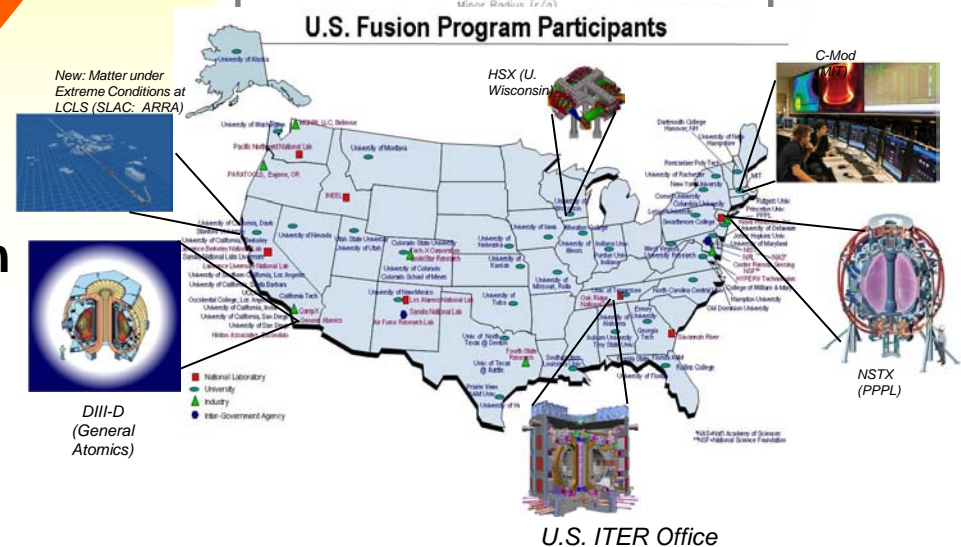
### Experimental tests

### Theory

### Simulation and prediction



**A leading intellectual challenge is developing an integrated, validated predictive capability for burning plasmas**



# Fusion can be transformative, and its future rests in *our* hands

- The well-being of all of us is intimately linked to technological transformation, whether we live in developed or developing nations
- Fusion represents a transformational science that can be part of our long-term energy and climate solutions, and can be critical in enhancing political stability
- This international meeting in Monaco is an indication of just the sort of engagement we need – fusion requires all of our talents, all of our resources, because the stakes are so high.



*Thank you*